

JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF THE SIXTH CIRCUIT
MICHIGAN-OHIO-KENTUCKY-TENNESSEE

In re:
Complaint of Judicial Misconduct

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*No. 06-16-90079
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MEMORANDUM AND ORDER

This complaint of judicial misconduct was filed by **[REDACTED]** (“complainant”) against the Honorable **[REDACTED]** (“subject judge”), pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 351. The complainant challenges several of the subject judge’s rulings in the underlying habeas corpus proceedings and alleges that his “case has been stalled with no reason.”

After conducting an initial review, the chief judge may dismiss a complaint as to which he concludes: (A) that the claimed conduct, even if it occurred, “is not prejudicial to the effective and expeditious administration of the business of the courts and does not indicate a mental or physical disability resulting in inability to discharge the duties of judicial office”; (B) that the complaint “is directly related to the merits of a decision or procedural ruling”; (C) that the complaint is “frivolous,” a term that applies to charges that are wholly unsupported; or (D) that the complaint “lack[s] sufficient evidence to raise an inference that misconduct has occurred.” Rule 11(c)(1)(A)-(D), Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings.

The complainant’s challenge to rulings made by the subject judge during the course of the underlying habeas proceedings are subject to dismissal as directly related to the merits of the named judge’s decision in complainant’s underlying proceedings, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii) and Rule 11(c)(1)(B) of the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings. Such decisions are not the proper subject of a complaint of judicial misconduct. See Rule 3(h)(3)(A), Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings. The Judicial Council is not a court and has no jurisdiction to review any rulings by a judge, or to grant the relief that may be requested in the underlying case. See *In re Complaint of Judicial Misconduct*, 858 F.2d 331 (6th Cir. 1988).

Allegations of delay, absent improper motive or habitual delay, do not constitute misconduct cognizable in the judicial complaint process, pursuant to Rule 3(h)(3)(B) of the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings. The complainant has not shown delay, much less unreasonable or persistent delay: a review of the docket

sheet shows that the underlying habeas action is proceeding apace. Thus, complainant's allegation that his "case has been stalled with no reason" is dismissed as unsupported by sufficient evidence pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(iii) and 11(c)(1)(D) of the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings.

Accordingly, it is **ORDERED** that the complaint be dismissed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii) & (iii) and Rules 3(h)(3)(B) and 11(c)(1)(B) & (D) of the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings.

/s/ R. Guy Cole, Jr.
Chief Judge

Date: April 6, 2017